

CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A burst electrode system comprising an electroactive
5 polymer having thereon a biologically active ingredient releasable from said
electroactive polymer, whereby said burst electrode system exhibits a non Faradaic
biologically active ingredient release profile.
2. The system of claim 1 wherein said biologically active
ingredient is an anion.
- 10 3. The system of claim 1 wherein said electroactive polymer
contains a dopant.
4. The system of claim 3 wherein said biologically active
ingredient is a cation and said dopant is a polyanion.
5. The electrode system of Claim 1 wherein said non-Faradaic
15 release profile is generated by application of a potential to said electrode system
and said release is measured and compared with the amount of said applied
potential generating said profile.
6. The electrode system of Claim 1 and 2 wherein said
electroactive polymer comprises a polypyrrole polymer.
- 20 7. The electrode system of claim 1 wherein the electroactive
polymer comprises poly(N-methyl pyrrole).
8. The electrode system of claim 3 wherein the electroactive
polymer comprises poly(N-methyl pyrrole).
9. The electrode system of claim 4 wherein the electroactive
25 polymer comprises poly (N-methyl pyrrole).
10. A burst electrode system comprising an electroactive
polymer having thereon a drug releasable from said electroactive polymer, whereby
said burst electrode system exhibits a non Faradaic drug release profile.
11. The system of claim 10 wherein said polymer contains a
30 dopant.

12. The system of claim 3 wherein the drug is a cation and the dopant is a polyanion.

13. The electrode system of Claim 10 wherein said non-Faradaic release profile is generated by application of a potential to said electrode system
5 and said release is measured and compared with the amount of said applied potential generating said profile.

14. The electrode system of Claim 10 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises a polypyrrole polymer.

15. The electrode system of claims 10 wherein the electroactive
10 polymer comprises poly(N-methyl pyrrole).

16. The electrode system of Claim 10 wherein said drug comprises phenylpropanol, pseudoephedrine, hydrocortisone, metaproternol, polymyxin, chloropheniramine, and erythromycin.

17. A burst electrode system comprising an electroactive
15 polymer having thereon a drug releasable from said electroactive polymer, whereby said burst electrode system exhibits a drug release profile characterized by Figure 1.

18. The burst electrode system of claim 17 wherein the drug is an anion.

20. The burst electrode system of claim 17 also comprising a dopant.

20. The burst electrode system of claim 19 wherein the dopant is a polyanion and the drug is a cation.

21. The electrode system of Claim 17 wherein said profile is
25 generated by a single burst of a current or potential which causes a single release of a larger quantity of the drug than would be expected from a Faradaic release.

22. The electrode system of Claim 21 wherein said profile is characterized by the release of a disproportionately large amount of drug in proportion to voltage applied to said polymer.

23. The electrode system of Claim 18 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises polypyrrole.

24. The electrode system of Claim 20 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises polypyrrole/poly(styrene sulfonate).

5 25. The electrode system of Claim 24 where a second polymer layer comprises an overlayer.

26. The electrode system of Claim 25 where the overlayer is hydrophobic and crosslinked.

27. An article of manufacture comprising a burst electrode
10 system having a non Faradaic drug release profile, which comprises an electroactive polymer containing a drug releasable from said electroactive polymer.

28. The article of manufacture of claim 27 further comprising a polyionic dopant.

29. The article of manufacture of Claim 27 wherein said
15 polymer comprises a polypyrrole or poly(n-methyl pyrrole).

30. The article of manufacture of Claim 28 and 29 wherein said polyionic dopant is a polyanion and the drug is a cation.

31. The article of manufacture of Claims 29 and 30 wherein said drug comprises catecholamines (dopamine, norepinephrine, or metaproterenol),
20 phenylpropanol amine, chloropheniramine, salicylic acid, pseudoephedrine, dichlophenac, erythromycin, hydrocortisone, metaproternol, or polymyxin.

32. A method of treating a patient using a burst electrode system, which comprises a burst electrode system comprising an electroactive polymer, loading said electroactive polymer with a drug releasable from said
25 electroactive polymer and contacting said patient with said electrode system in an effective contacting manner so as to trigger the release of said drug from said electroactive polymer, whereby said drug is made effectively available to said patient.

33. The method of claim 32 where the loading of said
30 electroactive polymer is further accomplished with a polyanionic dopant.

34. The method of Claim 33 wherein the drug is a cation.
35. The method of Claim 32 wherein the drug is an anion.
36. A burst electrode system comprising an electroactive polymer having thereon a drug releasable from said electroactive polymer, whereby
5 said burst electrode system exhibits a non Faradaic drug release profile.
37. The system of claim 36 also comprising a polyanionic dopant species incorporated into the electroactive polymer.
38. The method of claim 36 where the reaction wherein the drug is released during a reduction reaction.
- 10 39. The method of claim 37 wherein the reaction wherein the drug is released is an oxidation reaction.
40. The method of claim 38 wherein the drug released is an anionic drug.
41. The method of claim 39 wherein the drug released is a
15 cationic drug.
42. The method of claim 41 wherein the drug is selected from the group consisting of salicylate, glutamate and ATP.
43. The method of claim 40 or 41 wherein the drug is a selected from the group comprising catecholamines (dopamine, norepinephrine, or
20 metaproterenol), phenylpropanol amine, chlorpheniramine, salicylic acid, pseudoephedrine, dichlophenac, erythromycin, hydrocortisone, metaproternol, or polymyxin.
44. A process whereby the release of a various biologically active molecules are electrochemically stimulated from electroactive conducting
25 polymers.
45. The process of claim 44 wherein the electroactive conducting polymers are selected from the group consisting of polypyrrole, poly(N-methyl pyrrole), substituted polypyrrole, polythiophene, polydioxothiophene and polyaniline.

46. The process of claim 44 wherein the films are loaded with either an anionic drug species or a polyanionic species as a dopant with a cationic species as a drug.

5 47. The process of claim 46 wherein the biologically active molecules are incorporated into the electroactive conducting polymers by using ions as the charge compensating dopant during electropolymerization.

48. The process of claim 44 wherein the biologically active molecules are incorporated into the electroactive conducting polymers by redox switching of the polymer film in a bathing electrolyte containing the biologically
10 active molecules.

49. The method of claim 47 wherein the biologically active molecules are drugs.

50. The method of claim 48 wherein the biologically active molecules are drugs.

15 51. The process of claims 49 wherein the drugs are selected from the group comprising dopamine, norepinephrine, metaproterenol, phenylpropanol amine, chlorpheniramine, salicylic acid, pseudoephedrine, dichlophenac, erythromycin, hydrocortisone, metaproternol, or polymyxin.

52. A method for preparing a burst electrode system wherein
20 said process comprises electropolymerizing pyrrole by constant current polymerization in polymerizable pyrrole and polystyrene sulfonate composition to form a polymer, loading a releasable drug on said polymer by constant potential reduction of said drug with said polymer in a composition to form an initial electrode system and thereafter removing said initial electrode system from said
25 solution to allow equilibration of potential of said polymer outside said solution.

53. A method for preparing a burst electrode system wherein
said process comprises electropolymerizing pyrrole by constant current polymerization in polymerizable pyrrole and polystyrene sulfonate composition to form a polymer, loading a releasable drug on said polymer by constant potential
30 oxidation of said drug with said polymer in a composition to form an initial

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